Q. 1 – Q. 5 carry one mark each.

Q.1 The man who is now Municipal Commissioner worked as _____.

(A) the security guard at a university

(B) a security guard at the university

(C) a security guard at university

(D) the security guard at the university

Q.2 Nobody knows how the Indian cricket team is going to cope with the difficult and seamer-friendly wickets in Australia.

Choose the option which is closest in meaning to the underlined phrase in the above sentence.

(A) put up with (B) put in with (C) put down to (D) put up against

Q.3 Find the odd one in the following group of words.

mock, deride, praise, jeer

(A) mock (B) deride (C) praise (D) jeer

Q.4 Pick the odd one from the following options.

(A) CADBE (B) JHKIL (C) XVYWZ (D) ONPMQ

Q.5 In a quadratic function, the value of the product of the roots (α, β) is 4. Find the value of

$$\frac{\alpha^n + \beta^n}{\alpha^{-n} + \beta^{-n}}$$

(A) n^4 (B) 4^n (C) 2^{2n-1} (D) 4^{n-1}

Q. 6 – Q. 10 carry two marks each.

Q.6 Among 150 faculty members in an institute, 55 are connected with each other through Facebook® and 85 are connected through WhatsApp®. 30 faculty members do not have Facebook® or WhatsApp® accounts. The number of faculty members connected only through Facebook® accounts is _____.

(A) 35 (B) 45 (C) 65 (D) 90

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Q.7 Computers were invented for performing only high-end useful computations. However, it is no understatement that they have taken over our world today. The internet, for example, is ubiquitous. Many believe that the internet itself is an unintended consequence of the original invention. With the advent of mobile computing on our phones, a whole new dimension is now enabled. One is left wondering if all these developments are good or, more importantly, required.

Which of the statement(s) below is/are logically valid and can be inferred from the above paragraph?

(i) The author believes that computers are not good for us.
(ii) Mobile computers and the internet are both intended inventions

(A) (i) only (B) (ii) only (C) both (i) and (ii) (D) neither (i) nor (ii)

Q.8 All hill-stations have a lake. Ooty has two lakes.

Which of the statement(s) below is/are logically valid and can be inferred from the above sentences?

(i) Ooty is not a hill-station.
(ii) No hill-station can have more than one lake.

(A) (i) only

(B) (ii) only

(C) both (i) and (ii)

(D) neither (i) nor (ii)

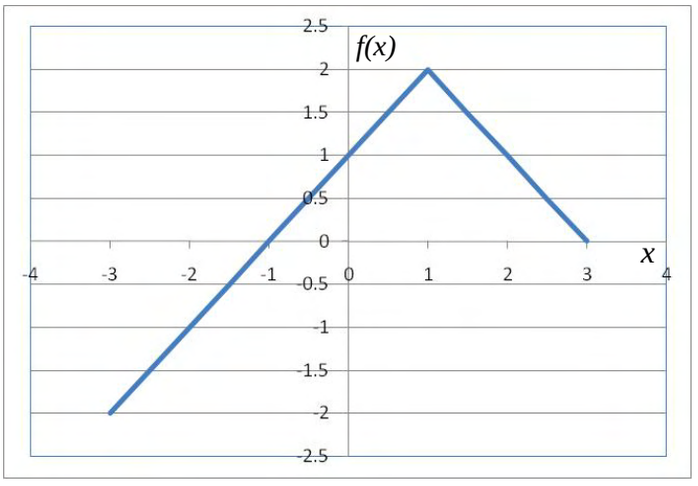
Q.9 In a 2 × 4 rectangle grid shown below, each cell is a rectangle. How many rectangles can be observed in the grid?



(A) 21 (B) 27 (C) 30 (D) 36

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Q.10



Choose the correct expression for *f(x)* given in the graph.

(A) $f(x) = 1 - |x - 1|$

(B) $f(x) = 1 + |x - 1|$

(C) $f(x) = 2 - |x - 1|$

(D) $f(x) = 2 + |x - 1|$

END OF THE QUESTION PAPER

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Q. 1 – Q. 25 carry one mark each.

Q.1 The maximum value attained by the function $f(x) = x(x-1)(x-2)$ in the interval [1, 2] is _____.

Q.2 Consider a 3×3 matrix with every element being equal to 1. Its only non-zero eigenvalue is ____.

Q.3 The Laplace Transform of $f(t) = e^{2t}\sin(5t)\,u(t)$ is

(A) $\frac{5}{s^2-4s+29}$ (B) $\frac{5}{s^2+5}$ (C) $\frac{s-2}{s^2-4s+29}$ (D) $\frac{5}{s+5}$

Q.4 A function $y(t)$, such that $y(0) = 1$ and $y(1) = 3e^{-1}$, is a solution of the differential equation $\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + 2\frac{dy}{dt} + y = 0$. Then $y(2)$ is

(A) $5e^{-1}$ (B) $5e^{-2}$ (C) $7e^{-1}$ (D) $7e^{-2}$

Q.5 The value of the integral

$$\oint_C \frac{2z+5}{\left(z-\frac{1}{2}\right)(z^2-4z+5)}dz$$

over the contour $|z| = 1$, taken in the anti-clockwise direction, would be

(A) $\frac{24\pi i}{13}$ (B) $\frac{48\pi i}{13}$ (C) $\frac{24}{13}$ (D) $\frac{12}{13}$

Q.6 The transfer function of a system is $\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{s}{s+2}$. The steady state output $y(t)$ is $A\cos(2t+\varphi)$ for the input $\cos(2t)$. The values of A and φ, respectively are

(A) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, -45^\circ$ (B) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, +45^\circ$ (C) $\sqrt{2}, -45^\circ$ (D) $\sqrt{2}, +45^\circ$

Q.7 The phase cross-over frequency of the transfer function $G(s) = \frac{100}{(s+1)^3}$ in rad/s is

(A) $\sqrt{3}$ (B) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ (C) 3 (D) $3\sqrt{3}$

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Q.8 Consider a continuous-time system with input $x(t)$ and output $y(t)$ given by

$$y(t) = x(t)\cos(t)$$

This system is

(A) linear and time-invariant
(B) non-linear and time-invariant
(C) linear and time-varying
(D) non-linear and time-varying

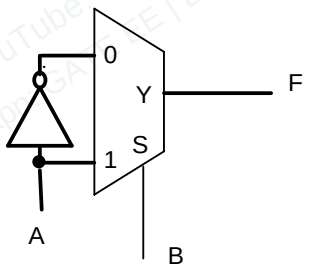
Q.9 The value of $\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{-t}\,\delta(2t-2)\,dt$, where $\delta(t)$ is the Dirac delta function, is

(A) $\frac{1}{2e}$ (B) $\frac{2}{e}$ (C) $\frac{1}{e^2}$ (D) $\frac{1}{2e^2}$

Q.10 A temperature in the range of -40° C to 55° C is to be measured with a resolution of 0.1° C. The minimum number of ADC bits required to get a matching dynamic range of the temperature sensor is

(A) 8 (B) 10 (C) 12 (D) 14

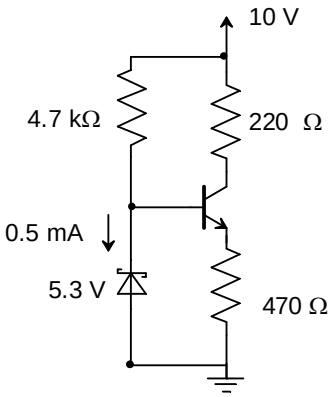
Q.11 Consider the following circuit which uses a 2-to-1 multiplexer as shown in the figure below. The Boolean expression for output F in terms of A and B is



(A) $A \oplus B$ (B) $\overline{A+B}$ (C) $A+B$ (D) $\overline{A \oplus B}$

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Q.12 A transistor circuit is given below. The Zener diode breakdown voltage is 5.3 V as shown. Take base to emitter voltage drop to be 0.6 V. The value of the current gain β is _____.

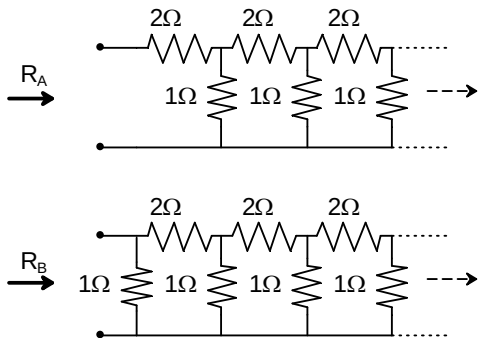


Q.13 In cylindrical coordinate system, the potential produced by a uniform ring charge is given by $\varphi = f(r, z)$, where f is a continuous function of r and z. Let $\vec{E}$ be the resulting electric field. Then the magnitude of $\nabla \times \vec{E}$

(A) increases with r. (B) is 0. (C) is 3. (D) decreases with z.

Q.14 A soft-iron toroid is concentric with a long straight conductor carrying a direct current I. If the relative permeability μ_r of soft-iron is 100, the ratio of the magnetic flux densities at two adjacent points located just inside and just outside the toroid, is _____.

Q.15 R_A and R_B are the input resistances of circuits as shown below. The circuits extend infinitely in the direction shown. Which one of the following statements is TRUE?



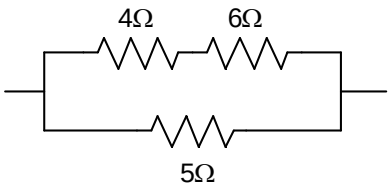
(A) $R_A=R_B$ (B) $R_A=R_B=0$ (C) $R_A< R_B$ (D) $R_B= R_A /(1+R_A)$

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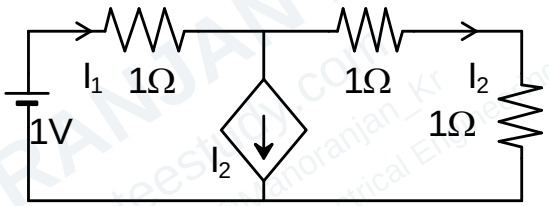
Q.16 In a constant V/f induction motor drive, the slip at the maximum torque

(A) is directly proportional to the synchronous speed.
(B) remains constant with respect to the synchronous speed.
(C) has an inverse relation with the synchronous speed.
(D) has no relation with the synchronous speed.

Q.17 In the portion of a circuit shown, if the heat generated in 5 Ω resistance is 10 calories per second, then heat generated by the 4 Ω resistance, in calories per second, is _____.



Q.18 In the given circuit, the current supplied by the battery, in ampere, is _____.



Q.19 In a 100 bus power system, there are 10 generators. In a particular iteration of Newton Raphson load flow technique (in polar coordinates), two of the PV buses are converted to PQ type. In this iteration,

(A) the number of unknown voltage angles increases by two and the number of unknown voltage magnitudes increases by two.
(B) the number of unknown voltage angles remains unchanged and the number of unknown voltage magnitudes increases by two.
(C) the number of unknown voltage angles increases by two and the number of unknown voltage magnitudes decreases by two.
(D) the number of unknown voltage angles remains unchanged and the number of unknown voltage magnitudes decreases by two.

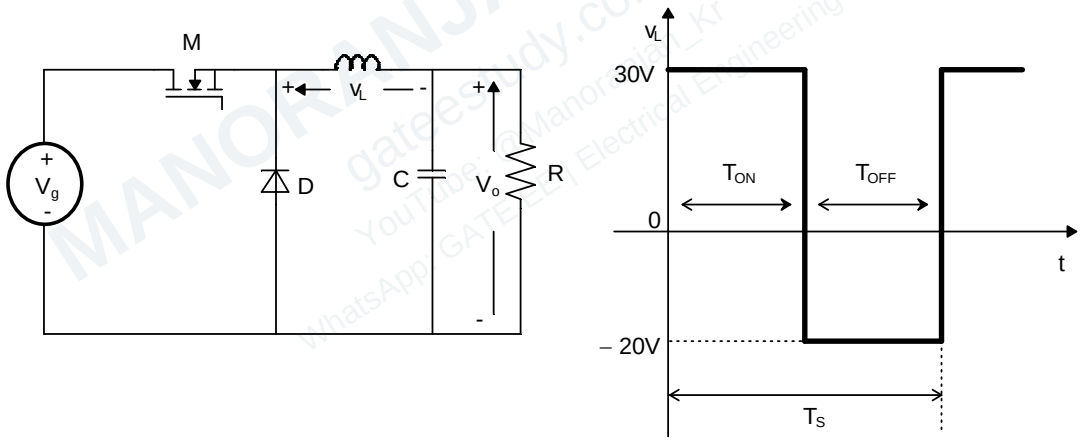
Q.20 The magnitude of three-phase fault currents at buses A and B of a power system are 10 pu and 8 pu, respectively. Neglect all resistances in the system and consider the pre-fault system to be unloaded. The pre-fault voltage at all buses in the system is 1.0 pu. The voltage magnitude at bus B during a three-phase fault at bus A is 0.8 pu. The voltage magnitude at bus A during a three-phase fault at bus B, in pu, is _____.

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Q.21 Consider a system consisting of a synchronous generator working at a lagging power factor, a synchronous motor working at an overexcited condition and a directly grid-connected induction generator. Consider capacitive VAr to be a source and inductive VAr to be a sink of reactive power. Which one of the following statements is TRUE?

(A) Synchronous motor and synchronous generator are sources and induction generator is a sink of reactive power.
(B) Synchronous motor and induction generator are sources and synchronous generator is a sink of reactive power.
(C) Synchronous motor is a source and induction generator and synchronous generator are sinks of reactive power.
(D) All are sources of reactive power.

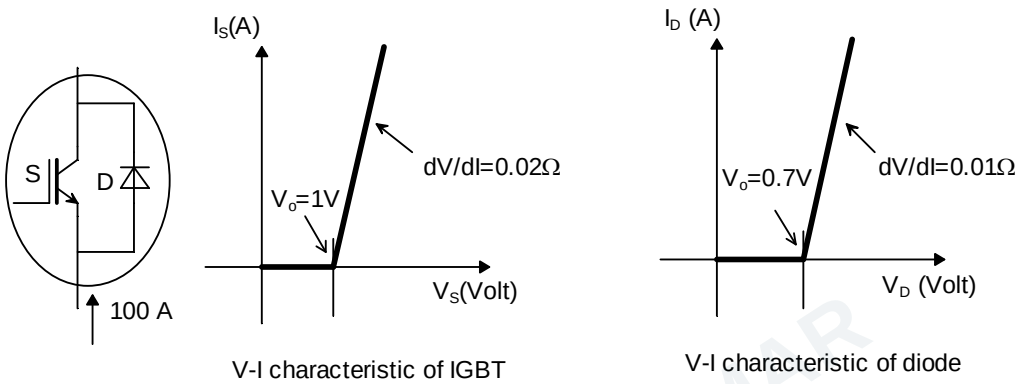
Q.22 A buck converter, as shown in Figure (a) below, is working in steady state. The output voltage and the inductor current can be assumed to be ripple free. Figure (b) shows the inductor voltage v_L during a complete switching interval. Assuming all devices are ideal, the duty cycle of the buck converter is _____.



(a) (b)

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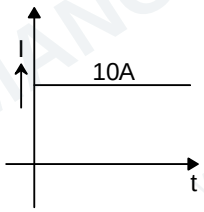
Q.23 A steady dc current of 100 A is flowing through a power module (S, D) as shown in Figure (a). The V-I characteristics of the IGBT (S) and the diode (D) are shown in Figures (b) and (c), respectively. The conduction power loss in the power module (S, D), in watts, is _____.



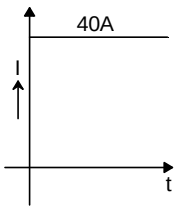
(a) (b) (c)

Q.24 A 4-pole, lap-connected, separately excited dc motor is drawing a steady current of 40 A while running at 600 rpm. A good approximation for the waveshape of the current in an armature conductor of the motor is given by

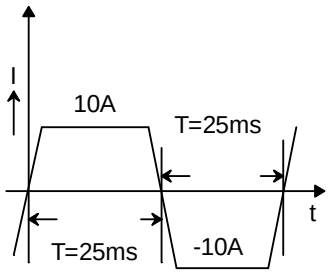
(A)



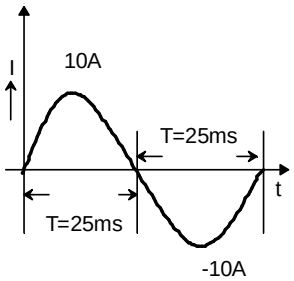
(B)



(C)

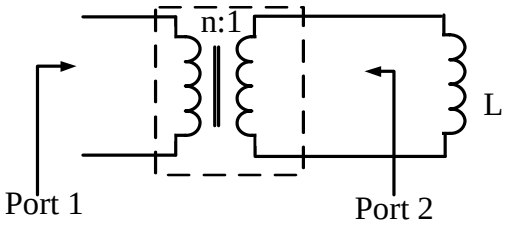


(D)



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Q.25 If an ideal transformer has an inductive load element at port 2 as shown in the figure below, the equivalent inductance at port 1 is



(A) nL (B) n^2L (C) $\frac{n}{L}$ (D) $\frac{n^2}{L}$

Q. 26 – Q. 55 carry two marks each.

Q.26 Candidates were asked to come to an interview with 3 pens each. Black, blue, green and red were the permitted pen colours that the candidate could bring. The probability that a candidate comes with all 3 pens having the same colour is _____.

Q.27 Let $S = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} n\alpha^n$ where $|\alpha| < 1$. The value of α in the range $0 < \alpha < 1$, such that $S = 2\alpha$ is _____.

Q.28 Let the eigenvalues of a 2 x 2 matrix A be 1, -2 with eigenvectors x_1 and x_2 respectively. Then the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the matrix $A^2 - 3A + 4I$ would, respectively, be

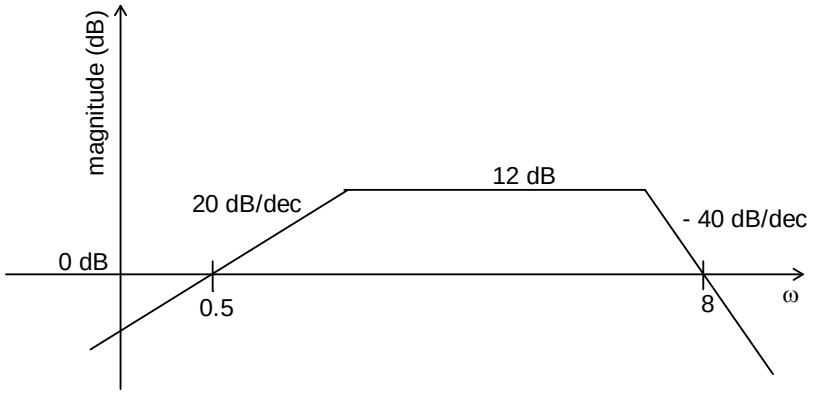
(A) 2, 14; x_1, x_2
(B) 2, 14; $x_1 + x_2, x_1 - x_2$
(C) 2, 0; x_1, x_2
(D) 2, 0; $x_1 + x_2, x_1 - x_2$

Q.29 Let A be a 4×3 real matrix with rank 2. Which one of the following statement is TRUE?

(A) Rank of A^TA is less than 2.
(B) Rank of A^TA is equal to 2.
(C) Rank of A^TA is greater than 2.
(D) Rank of A^TA can be any number between 1 and 3.

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Q.30 Consider the following asymptotic Bode magnitude plot (ω is in rad/s).



Which one of the following transfer functions is best represented by the above Bode magnitude plot?

(A) $\frac{2s}{(1+0.5s)(1+0.25s)^2}$

(B) $\frac{4(1+0.5s)}{s(1+0.25s)}$

(C) $\frac{2s}{(1+2s)(1+4s)}$

(D) $\frac{4s}{(1+2s)(1+4s)^2}$

Q.31 Consider the following state-space representation of a linear time-invariant system.

$$\dot{\boldsymbol{x}}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \boldsymbol{x}(t),\ y(t) = \boldsymbol{c}^{\mathrm{T}}\boldsymbol{x}(t),\ \boldsymbol{c} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } \boldsymbol{x}(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

The value of $y(t)$ for $t = \log_e 2$ is _____.

Q.32 Loop transfer function of a feedback system is $G(s)H(s) = \frac{s+3}{s^2(s-3)}$. Take the Nyquist contour in the clockwise direction. Then, the Nyquist plot of $G(s)H(s)$ encircles $-1+j0$

(A) once in clockwise direction
(B) twice in clockwise direction
(C) once in anticlockwise direction
(D) twice in anticlockwise direction

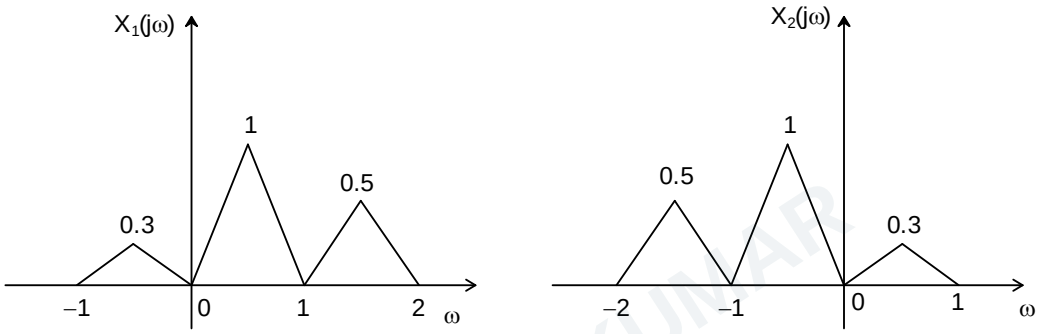
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Q.33 Given the following polynomial equation

$$s^3 + 5.5\,s^2 + 8.5\,s + 3 = 0,$$

the number of roots of the polynomial, which have real parts strictly less than -1, is _____ .

Q.34 Suppose $x_1(t)$ and $x_2(t)$ have the Fourier transforms as shown below.



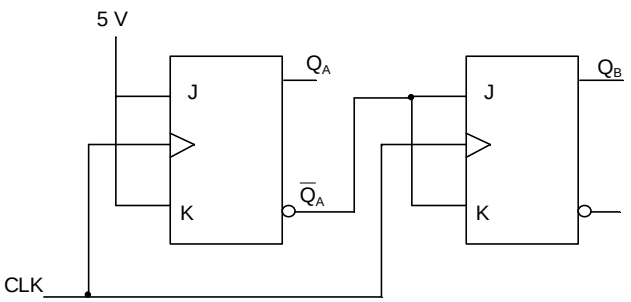
Which one of the following statements is TRUE?

(A) $x_1(t)$ and $x_2(t)$ are complex and $x_1(t)x_2(t)$ is also complex with nonzero imaginary part
(B) $x_1(t)$ and $x_2(t)$ are real and $x_1(t)x_2(t)$ is also real
(C) $x_1(t)$ and $x_2(t)$ are complex but $x_1(t)x_2(t)$ is real
(D) $x_1(t)$ and $x_2(t)$ are imaginary but $x_1(t)x_2(t)$ is real

Q.35 The output of a continuous-time, linear time-invariant system is denoted by $\boldsymbol{T}\{x(t)\}$ where $x(t)$ is the input signal. A signal $z(t)$ is called eigen-signal of the system $\boldsymbol{T}$, when $\boldsymbol{T}\{z(t)\} = \gamma\, z(t)$, where γ is a complex number, in general, and is called an eigenvalue of $\boldsymbol{T}$. Suppose the impulse response of the system $\boldsymbol{T}$ is real and even. Which of the following statements is TRUE?

(A) $\cos(t)$ is an eigen-signal but $\sin(t)$ is not
(B) $\cos(t)$ and $\sin(t)$ are both eigen-signals but with different eigenvalues
(C) $\sin(t)$ is an eigen-signal but $\cos(t)$ is not
(D) $\cos(t)$ and $\sin(t)$ are both eigen-signals with identical eigenvalues

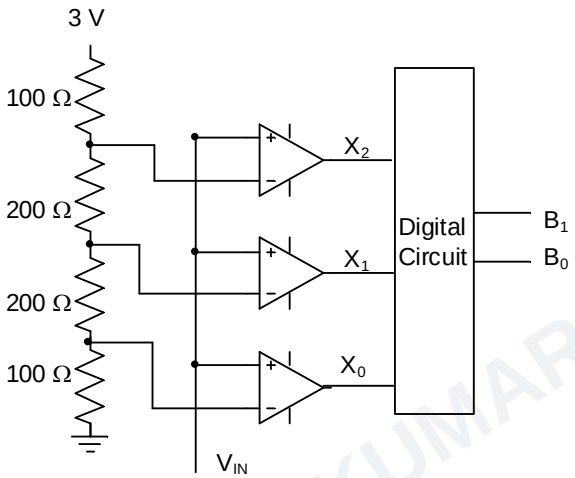
Q.36 The current state $Q_A\,Q_B$ of a two JK flip-flop system is 00. Assume that the clock rise-time is much smaller than the delay of the JK flip-flop. The next state of the system is



(A) 00 (B) 01 (C) 11 (D) 10

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Q.37 A 2-bit flash Analog to Digital Converter (ADC) is given below. The input is $0 \le V_{IN} \le 3$ Volts. The expression for the LSB of the output B_0 as a Boolean function of X_2, X_1, and X_0 is

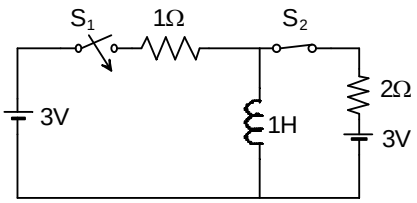


(A) $X_0[\overline{X_2 \oplus X_1}]$ (B) $\bar{X}_0[\overline{X_2 \oplus X_1}]$ (C) $X_0[X_2 \oplus X_1]$ (D) $\bar{X}_0[X_2 \oplus X_1]$

Q.38 Two electric charges q and $-2q$ are placed at (0,0) and (6,0) on the *x-y* plane. The equation of the zero equipotential curve in the *x-y* plane is

(A) $x = -2$ (B) $y = 2$ (C) $x^2 + y^2 = 2$ (D) $(x+2)^2 + y^2 = 16$

Q.39 In the circuit shown, switch S_2 has been closed for a long time. At time $t = 0$ switch S_1 is closed. At $t = 0^+$, the rate of change of current through the inductor, in amperes per second, is _____.

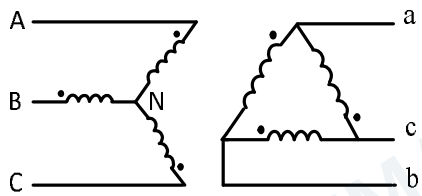


Q.40 A three-phase cable is supplying 800 kW and 600 kVAr to an inductive load. It is intended to supply an additional resistive load of 100 kW through the same cable without increasing the heat dissipation in the cable, by providing a three-phase bank of capacitors connected in star across the load. Given the line voltage is 3.3 kV, 50 Hz, the capacitance per phase of the bank, expressed in microfarads, is _____.

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Q.41 A 30 MVA, 3-phase, 50 Hz, 13.8 kV, star-connected synchronous generator has positive, negative and zero sequence reactances, 15%, 15% and 5% respectively. A reactance (X_n) is connected between the neutral of the generator and ground. A double line to ground fault takes place involving phases 'b' and 'c', with a fault impedance of j0.1 p.u. The value of X_n (in p.u.) that will limit the positive sequence generator current to 4270 A is _____.

Q.42 If the star side of the star-delta transformer shown in the figure is excited by a negative sequence voltage, then



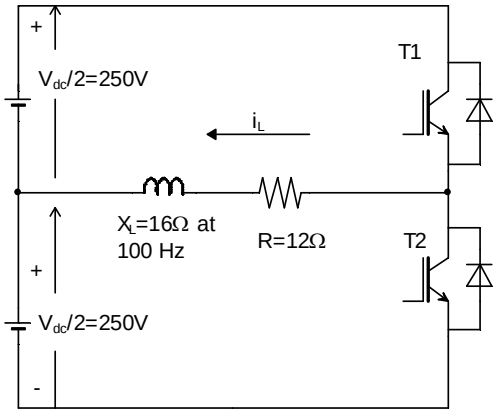
(A) V_{AB} leads V_{ab} by 60°
(B) V_{AB} lags V_{ab} by 60°
(C) V_{AB} leads V_{ab} by 30°
(D) V_{AB} lags V_{ab} by 30°

Q.43 A single-phase thyristor-bridge rectifier is fed from a 230 V, 50 Hz, single-phase AC mains. If it is delivering a constant DC current of 10 A, at firing angle of 30°, then value of the power factor at AC mains is

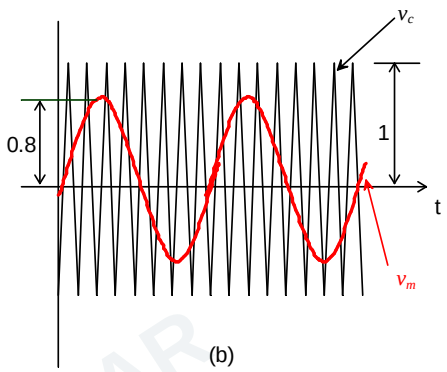
(A) 0.87 (B) 0.9 (C) 0.78 (D) 0.45

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Q.44 The switches T1 and T2 in Figure (a) are switched in a complementary fashion with sinusoidal pulse width modulation technique. The modulating voltage $v_m(t) = 0.8 \sin(200\pi t)$ V and the triangular carrier voltage (v_c) are as shown in Figure (b). The carrier frequency is 5 kHz. The peak value of the 100 Hz component of the load current (i_L), in ampere, is _____ .

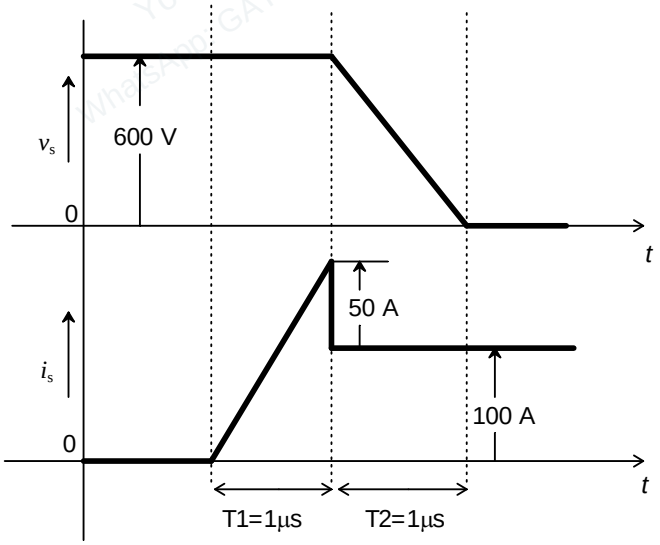


(a)



(b)

Q.45 The voltage (v_s) across and the current (i_s) through a semiconductor switch during a turn-ON transition are shown in figure. The energy dissipated during the turn-ON transition, in mJ, is _____.



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Q.46 A single-phase 400 V, 50 Hz transformer has an iron loss of 5000 W at the rated condition. When operated at 200 V, 25 Hz, the iron loss is 2000 W. When operated at 416 V, 52 Hz, the value of the hysteresis loss divided by the eddy current loss is _____.

Q.47 A DC shunt generator delivers 45 A at a terminal voltage of 220 V. The armature and the shunt field resistances are 0.01 Ω and 44 Ω respectively. The stray losses are 375 W. The percentage efficiency of the DC generator is _____.

Q.48 A three-phase, 50 Hz salient-pole synchronous motor has a per-phase direct-axis reactance (X_d) of 0.8 pu and a per-phase quadrature-axis reactance (X_q) of 0.6 pu. Resistance of the machine is negligible. It is drawing full-load current at 0.8 pf (leading). When the terminal voltage is 1 pu, per-phase induced voltage, in pu, is _____.

Q.49 A single-phase, 22 kVA, 2200 V/ 220 V, 50 Hz, distribution transformer is to be connected as an auto-transformer to get an output voltage of 2420 V. Its maximum kVA rating as an auto-transformer is

(A) 22 (B) 24.2 (C) 242 (D) 2420

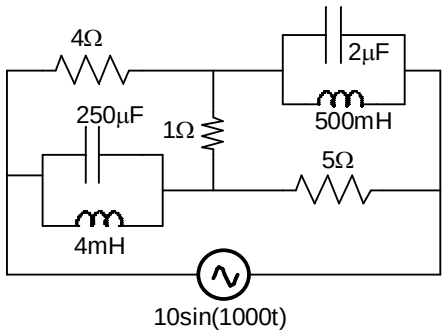
Q.50 A single-phase full-bridge voltage source inverter (VSI) is fed from a 300 V battery. A pulse of 120^o duration is used to trigger the appropriate devices in each half-cycle. The rms value of the fundamental component of the output voltage, in volts, is

(A) 234 (B) 245 (C) 300 (D) 331

Q.51 A single-phase transmission line has two conductors each of 10 mm radius. These are fixed at a center-to-center distance of 1 m in a horizontal plane. This is now converted to a three-phase transmission line by introducing a third conductor of the same radius. This conductor is fixed at an equal distance D from the two single-phase conductors. The three-phase line is fully transposed. The positive sequence inductance per phase of the three-phase system is to be 5% more than that of the inductance per conductor of the single-phase system. The distance D, in meters, is _____.

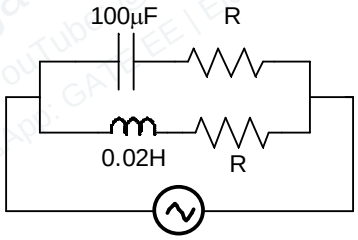
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Q.52 In the circuit shown below, the supply voltage is $10\sin(1000t)$ volts. The peak value of the steady state current through the 1 Ω resistor, in amperes, is _____.

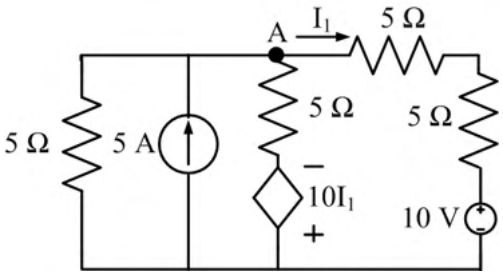


Q.53 A dc voltage with ripple is given by $v(t) = [100 + 10\sin(\omega t) - 5\sin(3\omega t)]$ volts. Measurements of this voltage $v(t)$, made by moving-coil and moving-iron voltmeters, show readings of V_1 and V_2 respectively. The value of $V_2 - V_1$, in volts, is _____.

Q.54 The circuit below is excited by a sinusoidal source. The value of R, in Ω, for which the admittance of the circuit becomes a pure conductance at all frequencies is _____.



Q.55 In the circuit shown below, the node voltage V_A is _____ V.



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Q. No	Type	Section	Key	Marks
1	MCQ	GA	B	1
2	MCQ	GA	A	1
3	MCQ	GA	C	1
4	MCQ	GA	D	1
5	MCQ	GA	B	1
6	MCQ	GA	A	2
7	MCQ	GA	D	2
8	MCQ	GA	D	2
9	MCQ	GA	C	2
10	MCQ	GA	C	2
1	NAT	EE-1	0.0 : 0.0	1
2	NAT	EE-1	3.0 : 3.0	1
3	MCQ	EE-1	A	1
4	MCQ	EE-1	B	1
5	MCQ	EE-1	B	1
6	MCQ	EE-1	B	1
7	MCQ	EE-1	A	1
8	MCQ	EE-1	C	1
9	MCQ	EE-1	A	1
10	MCQ	EE-1	B	1
11	MCQ	EE-1	D	1
12	NAT	EE-1	18.0 : 20.0	1
13	MCQ	EE-1	B	1
14	NAT	EE-1	99.0 : 101.0	1
15	MCQ	EE-1	D	1
16	MCQ	EE-1	C	1
17	NAT	EE-1	1.9 : 2.1	1
18	NAT	EE-1	0.5 : 0.5	1
19	MCQ	EE-1	B	1
20	NAT	EE-1	0.83 : 0.85	1
21	MCQ	EE-1	A	1
22	NAT	EE-1	0.39 : 0.41	1
23	NAT	EE-1	169.0 : 171.0	1
24	MCQ	EE-1	C	1
25	MCQ	EE-1	B	1
26	NAT	EE-1	0.2 : 0.2	2
27	NAT	EE-1	0.28 : 0.31	2
28	MCQ	EE-1	A	2
29	MCQ	EE-1	B	2
30	MCQ	EE-1	A	2
31	NAT	EE-1	5.9 : 6.1	2
32	MCQ	EE-1	A	2
33	NAT	EE-1	2.0 : 2.0	2
34	MCQ	EE-1	C	2
35	MCQ	EE-1	D	2
36	MCQ	EE-1	C	2
37	MCQ	EE-1	A	2
38	MCQ	EE-1	D	2
39	NAT	EE-1	1.9 : 2.1	2

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40	NAT	EE-1	47.0 : 49.0	2
41	NAT	EE-1	1.05 : 1.15	2
42	MCQ	EE-1	D	2
43	MCQ	EE-1	C	2
44	NAT	EE-1	9.9 : 10.1	2
45	NAT	EE-1	74.0 : 76.0	2
46	NAT	EE-1	1.4 : 1.5	2
47	NAT	EE-1	86.0 : 88.0	2
48	NAT	EE-1	1.58 : 1.62	2
49	MCQ	EE-1	C	2
50	MCQ	EE-1	A	2
51	NAT	EE-1	1.41 : 1.47	2
52	NAT	EE-1	1.0 : 1.0	2
53	NAT	EE-1	0.30 : 0.33	2
54	NAT	EE-1	14.0 : 14.2	2
55	NAT	EE-1	11.25 : 11.50	2

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Q. 1 – Q. 5 carry one mark each.

Q.1 The chairman requested the aggrieved shareholders to _____ him.

(A) bare with (B) bore with (C) bear with (D) bare

Q.2 Identify the correct spelling out of the given options:

(A) Managable (B) Manageable (C) Mangaeble (D) Managible

Q.3 Pick the odd one out in the following:

13, 23, 33, 43, 53

(A) 23 (B) 33 (C) 43 (D) 53

Q.4 R2D2 is a robot. R2D2 can repair aeroplanes. No other robot can repair aeroplanes.

Which of the following can be logically inferred from the above statements?

(A) R2D2 is a robot which can only repair aeroplanes.

(B) R2D2 is the only robot which can repair aeroplanes.

(C) R2D2 is a robot which can repair only aeroplanes.

(D) Only R2D2 is a robot.

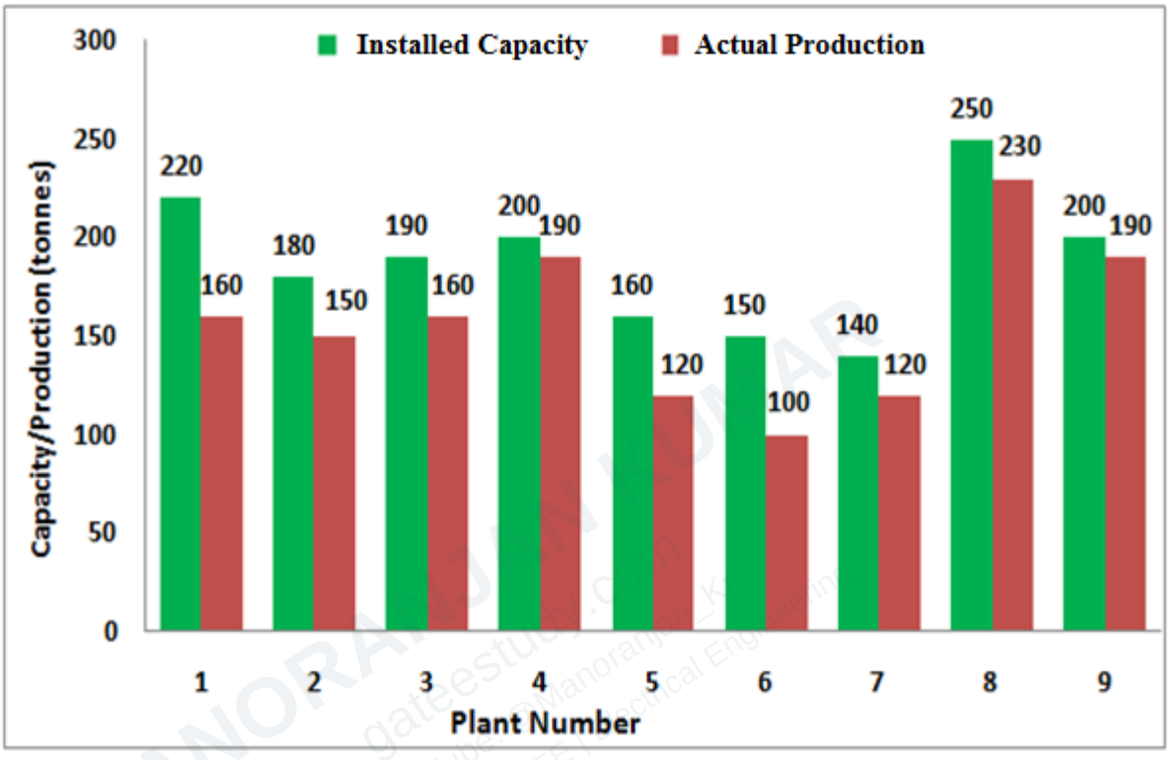
Q.5 If $|9y-6| = 3$, then $y^2 - 4y/3$ is _____.

(A) 0 (B) +1/3 (C) −1/3 (D) undefined

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Q. 6 – Q. 10 carry two marks each.

Q.6 The following graph represents the installed capacity for cement production (in tonnes) and the actual production (in tonnes) of nine cement plants of a cement company. Capacity utilization of a plant is defined as ratio of actual production of cement to installed capacity. A plant with installed capacity of at least 200 tonnes is called a large plant and a plant with lesser capacity is called a small plant. The difference between total production of large plants and small plants, in tonnes is ____.



Q.7 A poll of students appearing for masters in engineering indicated that 60 % of the students believed that mechanical engineering is a profession unsuitable for women. A research study on women with masters or higher degrees in mechanical engineering found that 99 % of such women were successful in their professions.

Which of the following can be logically inferred from the above paragraph?

(A) Many students have misconceptions regarding various engineering disciplines.

(B) Men with advanced degrees in mechanical engineering believe women are well suited to be mechanical engineers.

(C) Mechanical engineering is a profession well suited for women with masters or higher degrees in mechanical engineering.

(D) The number of women pursuing higher degrees in mechanical engineering is small.

Q.8 Sourya committee had proposed the establishment of Sourya Institutes of Technology (SITs) in line with Indian Institutes of Technology (IITs) to cater to the technological and industrial needs of a developing country.

Which of the following can be logically inferred from the above sentence?

Based on the proposal,

(i) In the initial years, SIT students will get degrees from IIT.
(ii) SITs will have a distinct national objective.
(iii) SIT like institutions can only be established in consultation with IIT.
(iv) SITs will serve technological needs of a developing country.

(A) (iii) and (iv) only.
(B) (i) and (iv) only.
(C) (ii) and (iv) only.
(D) (ii) and (iii) only.

Q.9 Shaquille O' Neal is a 60% career free throw shooter, meaning that he successfully makes 60 free throws out of 100 attempts on average. What is the probability that he will successfully make exactly 6 free throws in 10 attempts?

(A) 0.2508 (B) 0.2816 (C) 0.2934 (D) 0.6000

Q.10 The numeral in the units position of $211^{870} + 146^{127} \times 3^{424}$ is _____.

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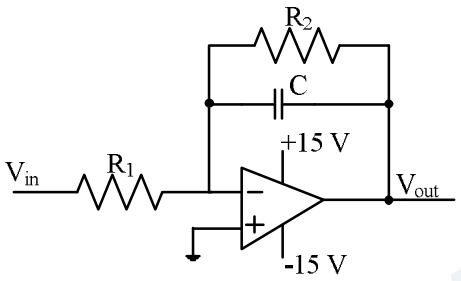
Q. 1 – Q. 25 carry one mark each.

Q.1 The output expression for the Karnaugh map shown below is

A \ BC	00	01	11	10
0	1	0	0	1
1	1	1	1	1

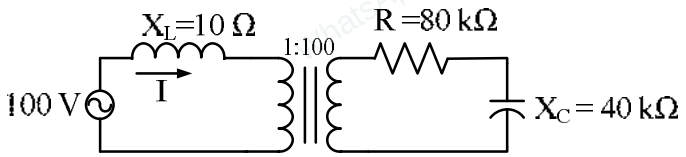
(A) $A + \bar{B}$ (B) $A + \bar{C}$ (C) $\bar{A} + \bar{C}$ (D) $\bar{A} + C$

Q.2 The circuit shown below is an example of a



(A) low pass filter.
(B) band pass filter.
(C) high pass filter.
(D) notch filter.

Q.3 The following figure shows the connection of an ideal transformer with primary to secondary turns ratio of 1:100. The applied primary voltage is 100 V (rms), 50 Hz, AC. The rms value of the current *I*, in ampere, is _____.



Q.4 Consider a causal LTI system characterized by differential equation $\frac{dy(t)}{dt} + \frac{1}{6}y(t) = 3x(t)$. The response of the system to the input $x(t) = 3e^{-\frac{t}{3}}u(t)$, where $u(t)$ denotes the unit step function, is

(A) $9e^{-\frac{t}{3}}u(t)$.
(B) $9e^{-\frac{t}{6}}u(t)$.
(C) $9e^{-\frac{t}{3}}u(t) - 6e^{-\frac{t}{6}}u(t)$.
(D) $54e^{-\frac{t}{6}}u(t) - 54e^{-\frac{t}{3}}u(t)$.

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Q.5 Suppose the maximum frequency in a band-limited signal $x(t)$ is 5 kHz. Then, the maximum frequency in $x(t)\cos(2000\pi t)$, in kHz, is _____.

Q.6 Consider the function $f(z) = z + z^*$ where z is a complex variable and z^* denotes its complex conjugate. Which one of the following is TRUE?

(A) $f(z)$ is both continuous and analytic
(B) $f(z)$ is continuous but not analytic
(C) $f(z)$ is not continuous but is analytic
(D) $f(z)$ is neither continuous nor analytic

Q.7 A 3×3 matrix P is such that, $P^3 = P$. Then the eigenvalues of P are

(A) $1, 1, -1$
(B) $1, 0.5 + j0.866, 0.5 - j0.866$
(C) $1, -0.5 + j0.866, -0.5 - j0.866$
(D) $0, 1, -1$

Q.8 The solution of the differential equation, for $t > 0$, $y''(t) + 2y'(t) + y(t) = 0$ with initial conditions $y(0) = 0$ and $y'(0) = 1$, is ($u(t)$ denotes the unit step function),

(A) $te^{-t}u(t)$ (B) $(e^{-t} - te^{-t})u(t)$
(C) $(-e^{-t} + te^{-t})u(t)$ (D) $e^{-t}\,u(t)$

Q.9 The value of the line integral

$$\int_C (2xy^2dx + 2x^2y\,dy + dz)$$

along a path joining the origin (0, 0, 0) and the point (1, 1, 1) is

(A) 0 (B) 2 (C) 4 (D) 6

Q.10 Let *f(x)* be a real, periodic function satisfying $f(-x) = -f(x)$. The general form of its Fourier series representation would be

(A) $f(x) = a_0 + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} a_k \cos(kx)$

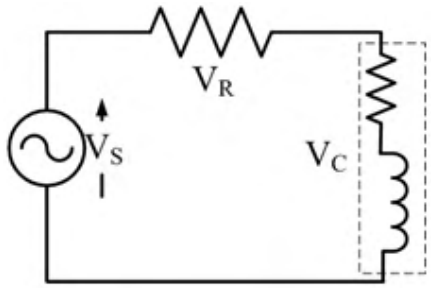
(B) $f(x) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} b_k \sin(kx)$

(C) $f(x) = a_0 + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} a_{2k} \cos(kx)$

(D) $f(x) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} a_{2k+1} \sin(2k+1)x$

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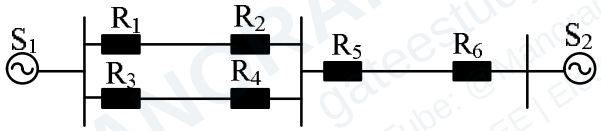
Q.11 A resistance and a coil are connected in series and supplied from a single phase, 100 V, 50 Hz ac source as shown in the figure below. The rms values of plausible voltages across the resistance (V_R) and coil (V_C) respectively, in volts, are



(A) 65, 35
(B) 50, 50
(C) 60, 90
(D) 60, 80

Q.12 The voltage (V) and current (A) across a load are as follows.
$v(t) = 100\sin(\omega t)$,
$i(t) = 10\sin(\omega t - 60°) + 2\sin(3\omega t) + 5\sin(5\omega t)$.
The average power consumed by the load, in W, is_____.

Q.13 A power system with two generators is shown in the figure below. The system (generators, buses and transmission lines) is protected by six overcurrent relays R_1 to R_6. Assuming a mix of directional and nondirectional relays at appropriate locations, the remote backup relays for R_4 are



(A) R_1, R_2
(B) R_2, R_6
(C) R_2, R_5
(D) R_1, R_6

Q.14 A power system has 100 buses including 10 generator buses. For the load flow analysis using Newton-Raphson method in polar coordinates, the size of the Jacobian is

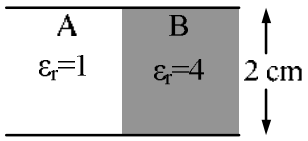
(A) 189 x 189
(B) 100 x 100
(C) 90 x 90
(D) 180 x 180

Q.15 The inductance and capacitance of a 400 kV, three-phase, 50 Hz lossless transmission line are 1.6 mH/km/phase and 10 nF/km/phase respectively. The sending end voltage is maintained at 400 kV. To maintain a voltage of 400 kV at the receiving end, when the line is delivering 300 MW load, the shunt compensation required is

(A) capacitive
(B) inductive
(C) resistive
(D) zero

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Q.16 A parallel plate capacitor filled with two dielectrics is shown in the figure below. If the electric field in the region A is 4 kV/cm, the electric field in the region B, in kV/cm, is



(A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 4 (D) 16

Q.17 A 50 MVA, 10 kV, 50 Hz, star-connected, unloaded three-phase alternator has a synchronous reactance of 1 p.u. and a sub-transient reactance of 0.2 p.u. If a 3-phase short circuit occurs close to the generator terminals, the ratio of initial and final values of the sinusoidal component of the short circuit current is _____.

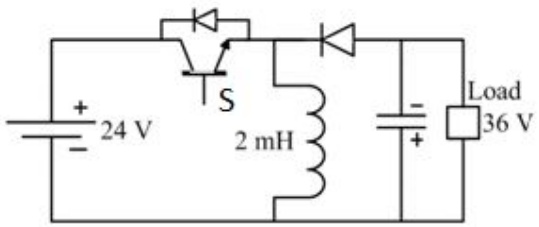
Q.18 Consider a linear time-invariant system with transfer function

$$H(s) = \frac{1}{(s+1)}$$

If the input is $\cos(t)$ and the steady state output is $A\cos(t+\alpha)$, then the value of A is _____.

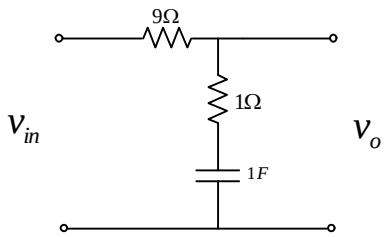
Q.19 A three-phase diode bridge rectifier is feeding a constant DC current of 100 A to a highly inductive load. If three-phase, 415 V, 50 Hz AC source is supplying to this bridge rectifier then the rms value of the current in each diode, in ampere, is _____.

Q.20 A buck-boost DC-DC converter, shown in the figure below, is used to convert 24 V battery voltage to 36 V DC voltage to feed a load of 72 W. It is operated at 20 kHz with an inductor of 2 mH and output capacitor of 1000 μF. All devices are considered to be ideal. The peak voltage across the solid-state switch (S), in volt, is _____.



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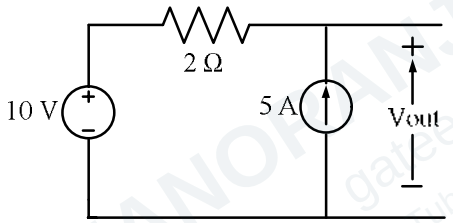
Q.21 For the network shown in the figure below, the frequency (in rad/s) at which the maximum phase lag occurs is, _____.



Q.22 The direction of rotation of a single-phase capacitor run induction motor is reversed by

(A) interchanging the terminals of the AC supply.
(B) interchanging the terminals of the capacitor.
(C) interchanging the terminals of the auxiliary winding.
(D) interchanging the terminals of both the windings.

Q.23 In the circuit shown below, the voltage and current sources are ideal. The voltage (V_{out}) across the current source, in volts, is

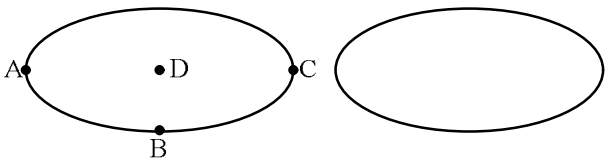


(A) 0 (B) 5 (C) 10 (D) 20

Q.24 The graph associated with an electrical network has 7 branches and 5 nodes. The number of independent KCL equations and the number of independent KVL equations, respectively, are

(A) 2 and 5 (B) 5 and 2 (C) 3 and 4 (D) 4 and 3

Q.25 Two electrodes, whose cross-sectional view is shown in the figure below, are at the same potential. The maximum electric field will be at the point



(A) A (B) B (C) C (D) D

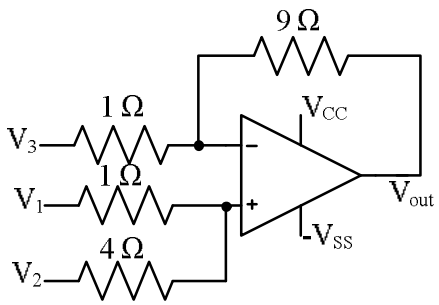
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Q. 26 – Q. 55 carry two marks each.

Q.26 The Boolean expression $\overline{(a + \bar{b} + c + \bar{d}) + (b + \bar{c})}$ simplifies to

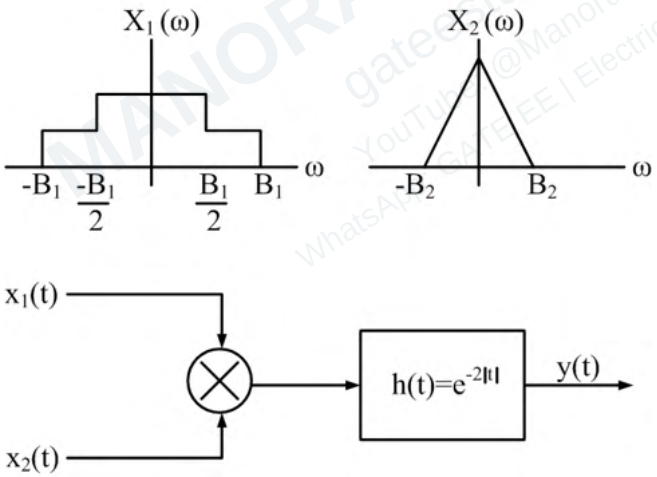
(A) 1 (B) $\overline{a.b}$ (C) $a.b$ (D) 0

Q.27 For the circuit shown below, taking the opamp as ideal, the output voltage V_{out} in terms of the input voltages V_1 , V_2 and V_3 is



(A)$1.8V_1 + 7.2V_2 - V_3$ (B) $2V_1 + 8V_2 - 9V_3$ (C) $7.2V_1 + 1.8V_2 - V_3$ (D) $8V_1 + 2V_2 - 9V_3$

Q.28 Let $x_1(t) \leftrightarrow X_1(\omega)$ and $x_2(t) \leftrightarrow X_2(\omega)$ be two signals whose Fourier Transforms are as shown in the figure below. In the figure, $h(t) = e^{-2|t|}$ denotes the impulse response.



For the system shown above, the minimum sampling rate required to sample y(t), so that y(t) can be uniquely reconstructed from its samples, is

(A) $2B_1$ (B) $2(B_1+B_2)$ (C) $4(B_1+B_2)$ (D) ∞

Q.29 The value of the integral $2\int_{-\infty}^{\infty}\left(\frac{sin2\pi t}{\pi t}\right)dt$ is equal to

(A) 0 (B) 0.5 (C) 1 (D) 2

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Q.30 Let $y(x)$ be the solution of the differential equation $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 4\frac{dy}{dx} + 4y = 0$ with initial conditions $y(0) = 0$ and $\left.\frac{dy}{dx}\right|_{x=0} = 1$. Then the value of $y(1)$ is _____.

Q.31 The line integral of the vector field $F = 5xz\,\hat{\imath} + (3x^2 + 2y)\,\hat{\jmath} + x^2z\,\hat{k}$ along a path from (0,0,0) to (1,1,1) parametrized by (t, t^2, t) is _____.

Q.32 Let $P = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$. Consider the set S of all vectors $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$ such that $a^2 + b^2 = 1$ where $\begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix} = P\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$. Then S is

(A) a circle of radius $\sqrt{10}$
(B) a circle of radius $\frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}$
(C) an ellipse with major axis along $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$
(D) an ellipse with minor axis along $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

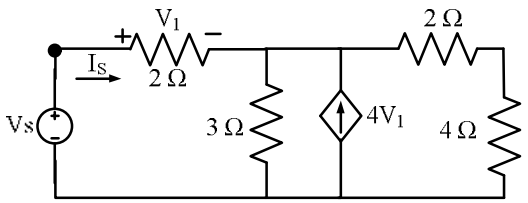
Q.33 Let the probability density function of a random variable, X, be given as:

$$f_X(x) = \frac{3}{2}e^{-3x}u(x) + ae^{4x}u(-x)$$

where $u(x)$ is the unit step function.
Then the value of 'a' and $Prob\{X \leq 0\}$, respectively, are

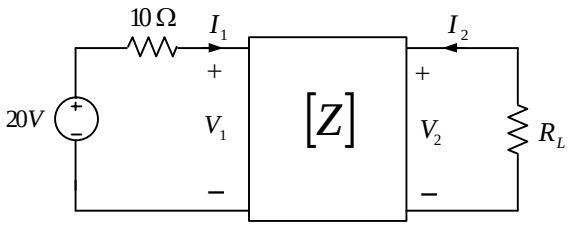
(A) $2, \frac{1}{2}$ (B) $4, \frac{1}{2}$ (C) $2, \frac{1}{4}$ (D) $4, \frac{1}{4}$

Q.34 The driving point input impedance seen from the source V_S of the circuit shown below, in Ω, is _____.

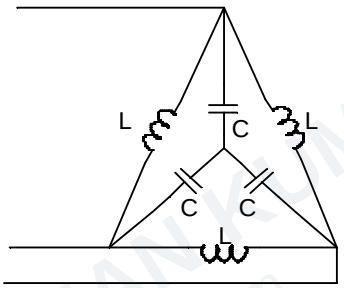


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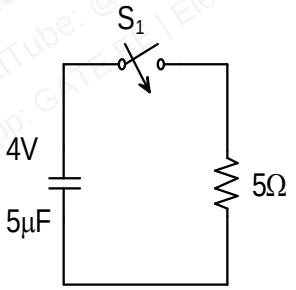
Q.35 The z-parameters of the two port network shown in the figure are $z_{11} = 40\ \Omega$, $z_{12} = 60\ \Omega$, $z_{21} = 80\ \Omega$ and $z_{22} = 100\ \Omega$.. The average power delivered to $R_L = 20\ \Omega$, in watts, is _____.



Q.36 In the balanced 3-phase, 50 Hz, circuit shown below, the value of inductance (L) is 10 mH. The value of the capacitance (C) for which all the line currents are zero, in millifarads, is _____.



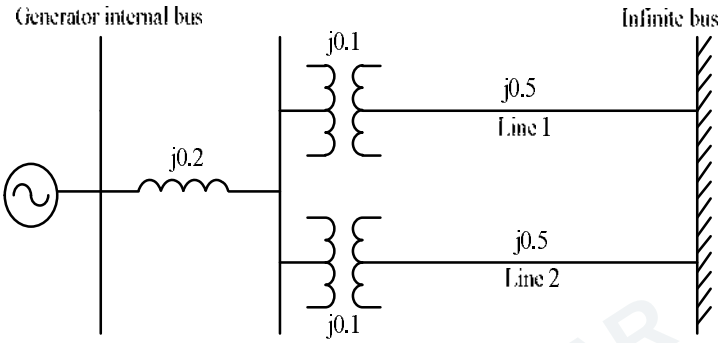
Q.37 In the circuit shown below, the initial capacitor voltage is 4 V. Switch S_1 is closed at $t = 0$. The charge (in μC) lost by the capacitor from $t = 25\ \mu s$ to $t = 100\ \mu s$ is _____.



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Q.38 The single line diagram of a balanced power system is shown in the figure. The voltage magnitude at the generator internal bus is constant and 1.0 p.u. The p.u. reactances of different components in the system are also shown in the figure. The infinite bus voltage magnitude is 1.0 p.u. A three phase fault occurs at the middle of line 2.

The ratio of the maximum real power that can be transferred during the pre-fault condition to the maximum real power that can be transferred under the faulted condition is _____.



Q.39 The open loop transfer function of a unity feedback control system is given by

$$G(s) = \frac{K(s+1)}{s(1+Ts)(1+2s)}, \quad K > 0, T > 0.$$

The closed loop system will be stable if,

(A) $0 < T < \frac{4(K+1)}{K-1}$ (B) $0 < K < \frac{4(T+2)}{T-2}$

(C) $0 < K < \frac{T+2}{T-2}$ (D) $0 < T < \frac{8(K+1)}{K-1}$

Q.40 At no load condition, a 3-phase, 50 Hz, lossless power transmission line has sending-end and receiving-end voltages of 400 kV and 420 kV respectively. Assuming the velocity of traveling wave to be the velocity of light, the length of the line, in km, is _____.

Q.41 The power consumption of an industry is 500 kVA, at 0.8 p.f. lagging. A synchronous motor is added to raise the power factor of the industry to unity. If the power intake of the motor is 100 kW, the p.f. of the motor is _____

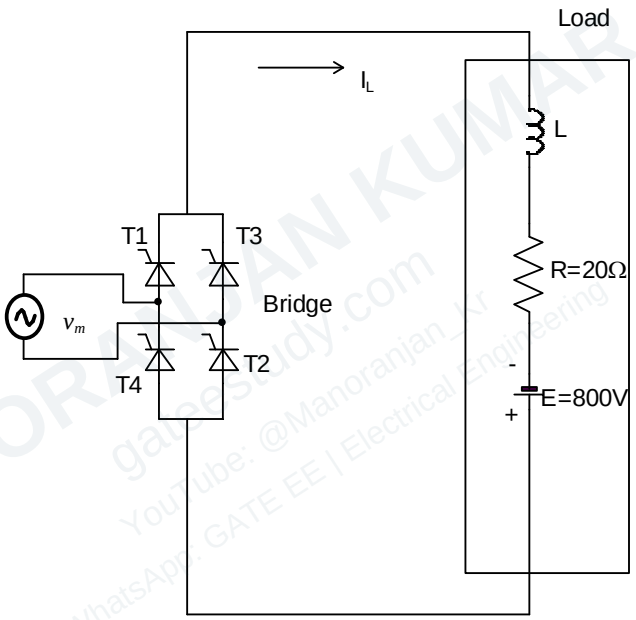
Q.42 The flux linkage (λ) and current (i) relation for an electromagnetic system is $\lambda = (\sqrt{i})/g$. When i = 2A and g (air-gap length) = 10 cm, the magnitude of mechanical force on the moving part, in N, is _____.

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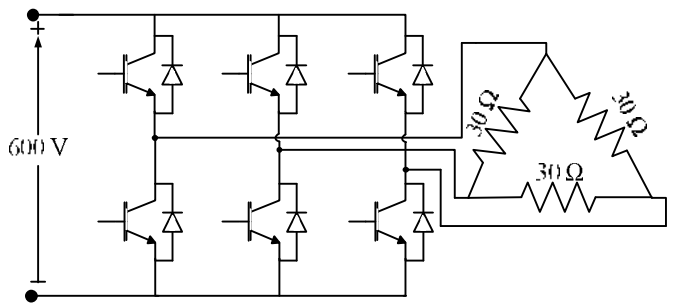
Q.43 The starting line current of a 415 V, 3-phase, delta connected induction motor is 120 A, when the rated voltage is applied to its stator winding. The starting line current at a reduced voltage of 110 V, in ampere, is _____.

Q.44 A single-phase, 2 kVA, 100/200 V transformer is reconnected as an auto-transformer such that its kVA rating is maximum. The new rating, in kVA, is _____.

Q.45 A full-bridge converter supplying an RLE load is shown in figure. The firing angle of the bridge converter is 120°. The supply voltage $v_m(t) = 200\pi \sin(100\pi t)$ V, R=20 Ω, E=800 V. The inductor L is large enough to make the output current I_L a smooth dc current. Switches are lossless. The real power fed back to the source, in kW, is _____.

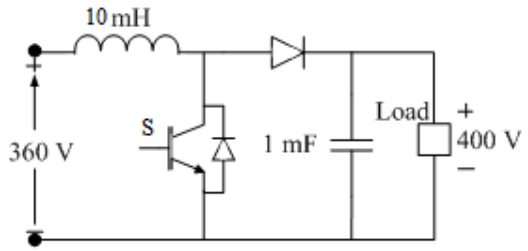


Q.46 A three-phase Voltage Source Inverter (VSI) as shown in the figure is feeding a delta connected resistive load of 30 Ω/phase. If it is fed from a 600 V battery, with 180° conduction of solid-state devices, the power consumed by the load, in kW, is _____.

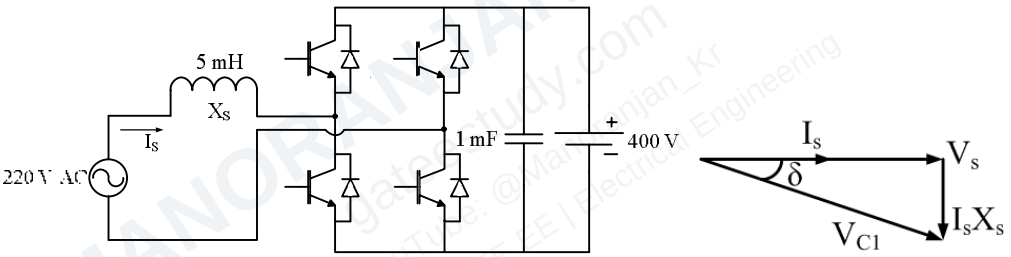


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Q.47 A DC-DC boost converter, as shown in the figure below, is used to boost 360V to 400 V, at a power of 4 kW. All devices are ideal. Considering continuous inductor current, the rms current in the solid state switch (S), in ampere, is _____.



Q.48 A single-phase bi-directional voltage source converter (VSC) is shown in the figure below. All devices are ideal. It is used to charge a battery at 400 V with power of 5 kW from a source V_s = 220 V (rms), 50 Hz sinusoidal AC mains at unity p.f. If its AC side interfacing inductor is 5 mH and the switches are operated at 20 kHz, then the phase shift (δ) between AC mains voltage (V_s) and fundamental AC rms VSC voltage (V_{C1}), in degree, is _____.



Q.49 Consider a linear time invariant system $\dot{x} = Ax$, with initial condition $x(0)$ at $t = 0$. Suppose α and β are eigenvectors of (2 x 2) matrix A corresponding to distinct eigenvalues λ_1 and λ_2 respectively. Then the response $x(t)$ of the system due to initial condition $x(0) = \alpha$ is

(A) $e^{\lambda_1 t}\alpha$ (B) $e^{\lambda_2 t}\beta$ (C) $e^{\lambda_2 t}\alpha$ (D) $e^{\lambda_1 t}\alpha + e^{\lambda_2 t}\beta$

Q.50 A second-order real system has the following properties:
a) the damping ratio $\zeta = 0.5$ and undamped natural frequency ω_n=10 rad/s,
b) the steady state value of the output, to a unit step input, is 1.02.
The transfer function of the system is

(A) $\frac{1.02}{s^2+5s+100}$ (B) $\frac{102}{s^2+10s+100}$

(C) $\frac{100}{s^2+10s+100}$ (D) $\frac{102}{s^2+5s+100}$

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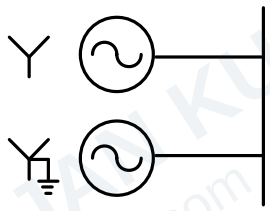
Q.51 Three single-phase transformers are connected to form a delta-star three-phase transformer of 110 kV/ 11 kV. The transformer supplies at 11 kV a load of 8 MW at 0.8 p.f. lagging to a nearby plant. Neglect the transformer losses. The ratio of phase currents in delta side to star side is

(A) $1 : 10\sqrt{3}$ (B) $10\sqrt{3} : 1$ (C) $1 : 10$ (D) $\sqrt{3} : 10$

Q.52 The gain at the breakaway point of the root locus of a unity feedback system with open loop transfer function $G(s) = \dfrac{Ks}{(s-1)(s-4)}$ is

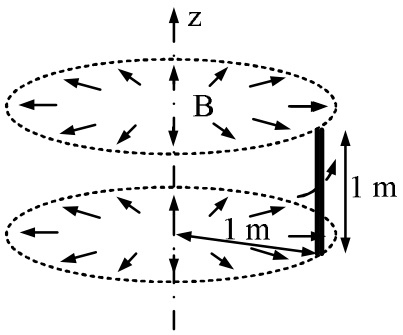
(A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 5 (D) 9

Q.53 Two identical unloaded generators are connected in parallel as shown in the figure. Both the generators are having positive, negative and zero sequence impedances of j0.4 p.u., j0.3 p.u. and j0.15 p.u., respectively. If the pre-fault voltage is 1 p.u., for a line-to-ground (L-G) fault at the terminals of the generators, the fault current, in p.u., is _____.



Q.54 An energy meter, having meter constant of 1200 revolutions/kWh, makes 20 revolutions in 30 seconds for a constant load. The load, in kW, is _____.

Q.55 A rotating conductor of 1 m length is placed in a radially outward (about the z-axis) magnetic flux density (B) of 1 Tesla as shown in figure below. Conductor is parallel to and at 1 m distance from the z-axis. The speed of the conductor in r.p.m. required to induce a voltage of 1 V across it, should be _____.



END OF THE QUESTION PAPER

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Q. No	Type	Section	Key	Marks
1	MCQ	GA	C	1
2	MCQ	GA	B	1
3	MCQ	GA	B	1
4	MCQ	GA	B	1
5	MCQ	GA	C	1
6	NAT	GA	120.0 : 120.0	2
7	MCQ	GA	C	2
8	MCQ	GA	C	2
9	MCQ	GA	A	2
10	NAT	GA	7.0 : 7.0	2
1	MCQ	EE-2	B	1
2	MCQ	EE-2	A	1
3	NAT	EE-2	9.5 : 10.5	1
4	MCQ	EE-2	D	1
5	NAT	EE-2	6.0 : 6.0	1
6	MCQ	EE-2	B	1
7	MCQ	EE-2	A ; D	1
8	MCQ	EE-2	A	1
9	MCQ	EE-2	B	1
10	MCQ	EE-2	B	1
11	MCQ	EE-2	MTA	1
12	NAT	EE-2	249.0 : 251.0	1
13	MCQ	EE-2	D	1
14	MCQ	EE-2	A	1
15	MCQ	EE-2	B	1
16	MCQ	EE-2	C	1
17	NAT	EE-2	4.9 : 5.1	1
18	NAT	EE-2	0.69 : 0.72	1
19	NAT	EE-2	57.0 : 58.0	1
20	NAT	EE-2	59.5 : 60.5	1
21	NAT	EE-2	0.30 : 0.33	1
22	MCQ	EE-2	C	1
23	MCQ	EE-2	D	1
24	MCQ	EE-2	D	1
25	MCQ	EE-2	A	1
26	MCQ	EE-2	D	2
27	MCQ	EE-2	D	2
28	MCQ	EE-2	B	2
29	MCQ	EE-2	D	2
30	NAT	EE-2	7.0 : 7.5	2
31	NAT	EE-2	4.40 : 4.45	2
32	MCQ	EE-2	D	2
33	MCQ	EE-2	A	2
34	NAT	EE-2	19.5 : 20.5	2
35	NAT	EE-2	34.0 : 36.0	2
36	NAT	EE-2	2.9 : 3.1	2
37	NAT	EE-2	6.8 : 7.2	2
38	NAT	EE-2	2.20 : 2.35	2
39	MCQ	EE-2	C	2

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40	NAT	EE-2	294.0 : 298.0	2
41	NAT	EE-2	0.31 : 0.33	2
42	NAT	EE-2	186.0 : 190.0	2
43	NAT	EE-2	31.0 : 33.0	2
44	NAT	EE-2	5.9 : 6.1	2
45	NAT	EE-2	5.9 : 6.1	2
46	NAT	EE-2	23.0 : 25.0	2
47	NAT	EE-2	3.0 : 4.0	2
48	NAT	EE-2	9.1 : 9.3	2
49	MCQ	EE-2	A	2
50	MCQ	EE-2	B	2
51	MCQ	EE-2	A	2
52	MCQ	EE-2	A	2
53	NAT	EE-2	5.5 : 6.5	2
54	NAT	EE-2	1.9 : 2.1	2
55	NAT	EE-2	9.4 : 9.7	2

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